



## **DUNGS**<sup>®</sup> Combustion Controls

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#### Approvals



CSA Certified: File No. 1350312



FM Approved: Report 3014562

#### Commonwealth of Massachusetts Approved Product Approval code G1-1107-35

#### Attention







#### Explanation of symbols

1, 2, 3 ... = Action • = Instruction The installation and maintenance of this product must be done under the supervision of an experienced and trained specialist. Never perform work if gas pressure or power is applied, or in the presence of an open flame.

Please read the instruction before installing or operating. Keep the instruction in a safe place. You find the instruction also at www. dungs.com If these instructions are not heeded, the result may be personal injury or damage to property.

Any adjustment and applicationspecific adjustment values must be made in accordance with the equipment manufacturers instructions.







Check the ratings in the specifications to verify that they are suitable for your application.

On completion of work on the safety shutoff valve, perform a leakage and function test.

This product is intended for installations covered by, but not limited to, the following codes and standards: NFPA 54, IFGC (International Fuel Gas Code) or CSA B149.1 (for Canada) or the following equipment codes and standards: CSD-1, NFPA 86, ANSI Z83.4/CSA 3.7, ANSI Z83.18, ANSI Z21.13/CSA 4.9 or CSA B149.3 (for Canada).

1 ... 9

#### Specification

SV/614

Normally closed automatic shutoff valve with proof of closure. Fast opening, fast closing.

SV-DLE/614

4 Normally closed automatic shutoff valve with proof of closure. Slow opening, fast closing. Valve features adjustable max. flow and adjustable initial lift.









Max. Operating Pressure 10 PSI (700 mbar) Max. Close Off Pressure 15 PSI (1000 mbar)



 Electrical Ratings Available

 120 VAC / 50 to 60 Hz;

 Power Consumption

 SV...1005/614 & 1007/614
 20 VA

 SV...1010/614 & 1012/614
 25 VA

 SV...1015/614 & 1020/614
 45 VA

NEMA Type 4 for indoor only ap-

**Closing Time / Opening Time** 

<1s/SV-DLE/614:10 to 20 s at 70 °F Max.Flow Adjustment (SV-DLE/614) Adjustable: 0 to 100 % of total flow. When adjusted to low flows, flow

repeatability upon opening is +/-15%

Adjustable: 0 to 70 % of total flow;

**Enclosure Rating** 

NEMA Type 12

**Operating Time** 

100 % duty cycle

<1s/SV/614:<1s

Initial Lift Adjustment

0 to 35 % of stroke

(SV-DLE/614)

plications



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**Proof of** 

Closure

A

Switch

Ambient / Fluid Temperature -40 °F to +140 °F (-40 °C to +60 °C)

#### Gases

Dry, natural gas, propane, butane; other noncorrosive gases. Suitable for up to 0.1 % by volume, dry  $H_2S$ . A "dry" gas has a dew point lower than + 15 °F and its relative humidity is less than 60 %.

Materials in contact with Gas Housing: Aluminium and Steel, free of non-ferrous metals Sealings on valve seats: NBR-based rubber.

Strainer 23 Mesh, installed in the housing upstream valve seat

### Proof of Closure Switch (factory set and sealed)

Provides visual position valve indication and an electrical switch (SPDT) interlock to the flame safeguard.

#### Electrical Connection

DIN-Connector with 1/2"NPT conduit adapter.

Body Size	Size
SV / SV-DLE 1005/614	1/2" NPT
SV / SV-DLE 1007/614	3/4" NPT
SV / SV-DLE 1010/614	1" NPT
SV / SV-DLE 1012/614	1 1/4" NPT
SV / SV-DLE 1015/614	1 1/2" NPT
SV / SV-DLE 1020/614	2" NPT

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#### Mounting

#### Installation Position

Safety shutoff valve from vertically upright to horizontal.



If the flow is not in the same direction of the arrows, the valve will not operate properly.

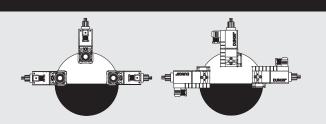
#### **Recommended Preparation**

- Examine the SV-(DLE) for shipping damage.
- The main gas supply must be shut off before installing the valve.
- The inside of the SV-(DLE), the flange, and piping must be clean and free of dirt and debris before installing. Failure to remove dirt and debris could result in valve damage and/ or improper performance.

#### Flange Mounting Procedure

- 1. Verify that the o-ring and the groove is clean and in good condition on the outlet side of the valve.
- 2. Install the SV-(DLE) with the gas flow matching the direction indicated by the arrows on the casting.
- 3. Mount the SV-(DLE) with the solenoid vertical upright to horizontal.
- 4. Clean the mounting surface of the flange.
- 5. Attach the flange to the outlet of the SV-(DLE) using the screws supplied.
- 6. Use a 4 mm Allen wrench for the M5 screw. SV / SV-DLE 1005 & 1007
- 7. Use a 5 mm Allen wrench for the M6 screw. SV / SV-DLE 1010, 1012
- 8. Use a 6 mm Allen wrench for the M8 screw. SV / SV-DLE 1015, 1020
- 9. Tighten the screws in a crisscross pattern
- 10.Do not overtighten the screws. Follow the maximum torque values below.

Recommended Torque	M5	M6	M8	Screw Size
	44	62	134	[lb-in]

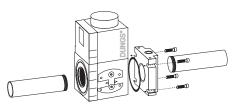


#### **Recommended Piping Procedure**

- Use new, properly reamed and threaded pipe.
- · Apply good quality pipe sealant, putting a moderate amount on the male threads only. If pipe sealant lodges on the valve seat, it will prevent proper operation. If using LP gas, use pipe sealant rated for use with LP gas.
- · Do not thread pipe too far. Valve distortion and/or malfunction may result from excess pipe in the valve body.
- Apply counter pressure with a parallel jaw wrench only to the flats on the flange when connecting to pipe.
- Do not overtighten the pipe. Follow the maximum torque values listed below.

Recommended Torque	1⁄2"	3⁄4"	1"	1¼"	1½"	2"	NPT pipe
for Piping	375	560	750	875	940	1190	[lb-in]

 After installation, perform a complete leak test using a soapy solution. The presence of bubbles indicates a leak.



Λ	If the	flow	is n	ot in t	he san body,	ne d	irectio	n of	the
	arrow	s on	the	valve	body,	the	valve	will	not
opera	ite pro	perly							

#### Painting Valve

- · It is not recommended that this valve be painted. Painting covers date codes and other labels that identify this valve.
- · If the valve needs to be painted, a paint free of volitile organic componants (VOC's) must be used. VOC's can damage valve o-rings, resulting in external gas leakage over time.
- · During the painting process, use measures that will allow the valve's date code and other labeling information to be legible after the paint is dry.

#### **Multiple Burner & Pulse Fired Applications**

On multiple burner applications, the following requirements apply:

- ..10../614 Edition · A manually operated shutoff valve shall be installed downsteam of each individual burner safety shutoff valve.
- · The backpressure on the individual burner safety shutoff valve shall be measured during the commissioning of the furnace to verify that while all other burners are firing and the
- Karl Dungs, Inc. SV-. individual burner safety shutoff valve shall is de-energized, the backpressure does not exceed 2 PSI. Measuring the backpressure shall also be repeated during purge and
- ğ post purge. A pressure guage can be used to measure the
- backpressure.

When using these valves on pulse fired applications, the following apply:

- · Before installing the valve, the inside of all gas piping upstream to the nearest filter shall be cleaned, and that filter shall have an insert with mesh no larger than 50 micron.
- The valve shall be installed in the upright position.
- The valve shall be applied within all of its ratings. The type of gas, the ambient temperature, and the cycle rate of the valve are critical.
- The valve shall be leak tested as least annually.
- · After the cycle life has been exceeded, the valve shall be immedicately replaced.

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#### **Protection from Radiant Heat**

- Radiant heat must be considered as a heat source that could result in an ambient temperature higher than the rating of this valve.
- Provide propor shielding to protect against radiant heat.

#### Wiring

#### Wiring the SV-(DLE)

- 1. Disconnect all power to the valves before wiring to prevent electrical shock and equipment damage.
- 2. Attach flexible 1/2" NPT conduit to the DIN connector.
- 3. Route 14 or 16 guage wire rated for at least 75 °C (167 °F). through the conduit and the DIN connnector.
- 4. Connect the wiring to the appropriate screw terminals in the DIN connector.
- 5. Plug the DIN connector onto the terminals. Fasten the DIN connector with the screw supplied.

## All wiring must comply with local electrical codes, ordinances and regulations.

#### Valve Adjustment

#### Max. Flow Adjustment (SV-DLE only)

• The SV-DLE is factory set with the max. flow adjustment fully open.

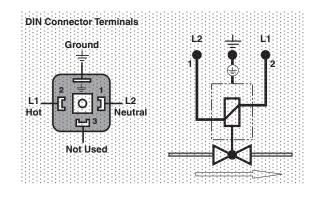
## Before making a max. flow adjustment, the valve should be properly piped in the application.

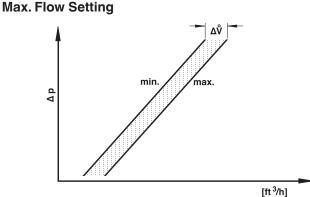
- 1. Locate the max. flow adjustment on top of the SV-DLE (base of the hydraulic brake). There are two screws, the holding screw is recessed and has a blue sealing compound on it, while the pan head screw protrudes from the cap.
- 2. Loosen the pan head screw until you can freely rotate the flow adjustment.
- 3. Turn clockwise for less gas or counterclockwise for more gas.
- 4. Check the flow at the burner with an orifice or flow meter.
- 5. Tighten the pan head screw on the adjustment cap after adjustments are completed.

#### Initial Lift Adjustment (SV-DLE only)

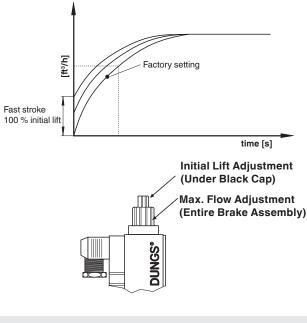
The initial lift adjustment varies the initial gas flow through the valve as the valve seat begins to open. This adjustment can allow the initial gas flow to 0% and 70% of the total gas flow; 0 to 25% of stroke, within 1 second. All SV-DLE valves are factory set with no initial lift (100 % slow opening). To adjust the lift proceed as follows:

- 1. Unscrew the small black cap on top of the flow adjustment cap to expose the initial lift adjustment knob.
- 2. The black cap also serves as tool; turn the cap over and insert it on the slot on the adjustment knob.
- 3. Turn the knob clockwise for a min. initial lift or counterclockwise for a max. initial lift.
- 4. Once the desired initial fast lift has been achieved, reinstall the black cap.









Do not adjust or remove any screws or bolts which are sealed with a Red colored compound. Doing so will void all approvals and warranties. MC • Karl Dungs, Inc. • SV-...10../614 • Edition 2016.05 • P/N 261405

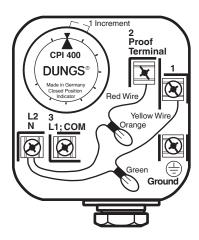
#### **Proof of Closure Switch**

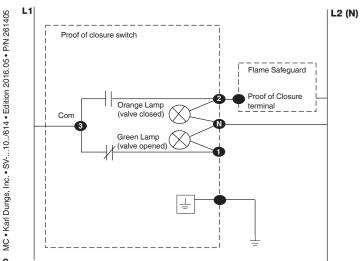
#### Description

The proof of closure switch is factory set and sealed. The switch visually and electrically indicates valve position. When the valve is closed (NO position) an orange light is visible, when the valve is open (NC position) a green light is visible.

#### **Conduit Connection**

- Before connecting conduit to the proof of closure switch, position the proof of closure switch so that there is no torque from the wiring or conduit. If the switch needs to be rotated, loosen the slotted set screw on the side. The switch may be removed from the brass adapter for wiring, however, DO NOT turn the proof of closure switch after tightening the slotted set screw.
- Tighten the slotted set screw so that the proof of closure switch housing is secure (16 lb-in torque).





#### Wiring

With 14 or 16 gauge wire rated for at least 75 °C (167 °F), connect the wire to the appropriate terminal of the proof of closure switch (see the wiring diagram). COM to the L1, Ground to ground, NO to the proof of closure terminal to the flame safeguard, and N to L2. The ORANGE light shall be on when the valve is closed, The GREEN light shall be on when the valve is open (FM and NFPA 86 requirement).

#### **Testing at Initial Startup**

- 1. Perform an operational test at initial startup to verify that the proof of closure switch is wired properly to the flame safeguard by disconnecting the wire at terminal 2 of the proof of closure switch and starting the burner sequence.
- 2. Verify that the flame safety goes into a FAULT condition without lighting the burner.

#### **Annual Testing**

- 1. Perform a switch continuity test at least annually to verify that the proof of closure switch is working properly.
- 2. Make sure that there is no power to the proof of closure switch.
- 3. With the valve de-energized, use a multimeter and verify that there is continuity between the switch contacts 3 (COM) and 2 (NO). Then verify that there is no continuity between the switch contacts 3 (COM) and 1 (NC).
- 4. Shut the upstream ball valve to stop the flow of gas into the valve train.
- 5. Energize the valve that the proof of closure switch is mounted to. Use a multimeter and verify that there is continuity between the switch contacts 3 (COM) and 1 (NC). Then verify that there is no continuity between the switch contacts 3 (COM) and 2 (NO). If you experience a problem, contact DUNGS for help.
- 6. De-energize the valve and replace the cover on the proof of closure switch.
- 7. Open the upstream ball valve.

#### Proof of Closure Switch Specifications Switch

SPDT

#### **Switch Action**

Valve open: Switch in NC position, Green light on. Valve closed: Switch in NO position, Orange light on. **Contact Rating** 

10 A res, 8 FLA, 48 LRA @120 VAC

N) Enclosure

NEMA Type 4

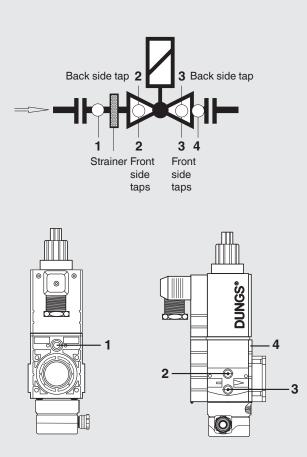
Ambient/Fluid Temperature -40 °F to 150 °F

Do not wire the valve switch to close a circuit that will directly power another safety shutoff valve. Doing so could result in a safety valve being energized and opened rather than remaining closed.

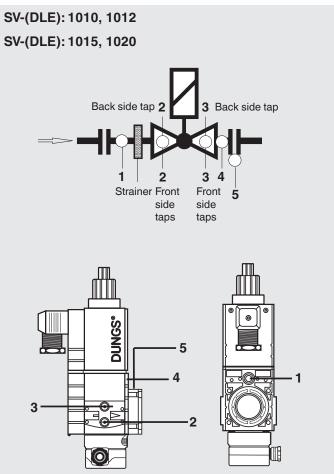
#### **Test Ports**

G1/8 ISO 228 test ports available on both sides of the valve. Each side has one test port upstream (2), one downstream (3) of the valve seat. One Inlet (1) and outlet (4) of valve body.

#### SV-(DLE): 1005, 1007



The SV 1010, 1012, 1015, and 1020 have one outlet (5) on valve flange. The G 1/8 test nipple (Order No. 219008) can be screwed into any of the test ports.



#### Valve Leakage Test

This leak test procedure tests the external sealing and valve seat sealing capabilities of two SV automatic safety shutoff valves in series. Only qualified personnel should perform this test.

It is required that this test be done on the initial system startup, and then repeated at least annually. Possibly more often depending on the application, environmental parameters, and the requirements of the authority having jurisdiction.

#### Setup

This test requires the following:

- A) Test nipples installed in the downstream pressure tap port of each automatic safety shutoff valve to make the required 1/4" hose connection in step 4.
- B) A transparent glass of water filled at least 1 inch from the bottom.
- C) A proper leak test tube. An aluminum or copper 1/4" rigid tube with a 45° cut at the end that is then connected to a 1/4" flexible hose of some convenient length provides for a more accurate leakage measurement. However, a 45° cut at the end of the 1/4" flexible hose will suffice, but it will not likely be as accurate as the rigid tube.
- D) For detecting external leakages, an all purpose liquid leak detector solution or a soapy water solution is required.

#### Leak Test Procedure

Use the illustration below as a reference.

1. With the upstream ball valve open, the downstream ball valve closed and both valves energized, apply an all purpose liquid leak detector solution to the "External Leakage Test Areas" indicated in the illustration below, to any accessories mounted to the safety valve, and to all gas piping and gas components downstream the equipment isolation

# The position of the side taps #2 and #3 on the SV 1005/1007 are not the same as on the SV 1010-1020 valves.

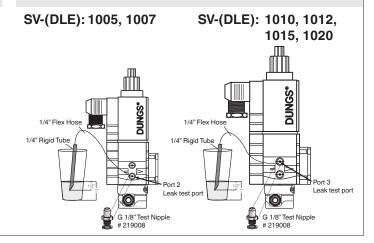
valve, and the inlet and outlet gas piping for each automatic safety shutoff valve. The presence of bubbles indicates a leak, which needs to be rectified before proceeding.

- 2. Then, de-energize the burner system and verify that both automatic safety shutoff valves are closed.
- 3. Close the upstream and downstream manual ball valve.
- 4. Open the downstream test nipple of the upstream valve, and connect the 1/4" flexible hose to the test nipple.
- 5. Slowly open the upstream manual ball valve, and then provide for some time to allow potential leakage to charge the test chamber before measuring valve seat leakage.
- 6. Immerse the 1/4 in. tube vertically 1/2 in. (12.7 mm) below the water surface. If bubbles emerge from the 1/4" tube and after the leakage rate has stabilized, count the number of bubbles appearing during a 10 second period. (See chart below for allowable leakage rates.)
- 7. Repeat the procedure for the downstream automatic safety shutoff valve except that valve #1 needs to be opened during the leakage test.

#### After completing the above tests proceed as follows:

- 8. Verify that the downstream manual ball valve is closed, and both automatic safety shutoff valves are de-energized.
- 9. Remove the flexible hose, and close all test nipples.
- 10. With the upstream manual ball valve open, energize both automatic safety shutoff valves.
- 11.Use soapy water to leak test all test nipples to ensure that there are no leaks.
- 12.If no leakage is detected, de-energize all automatic safety shutoff valves, and open the downstream manual ball valve.

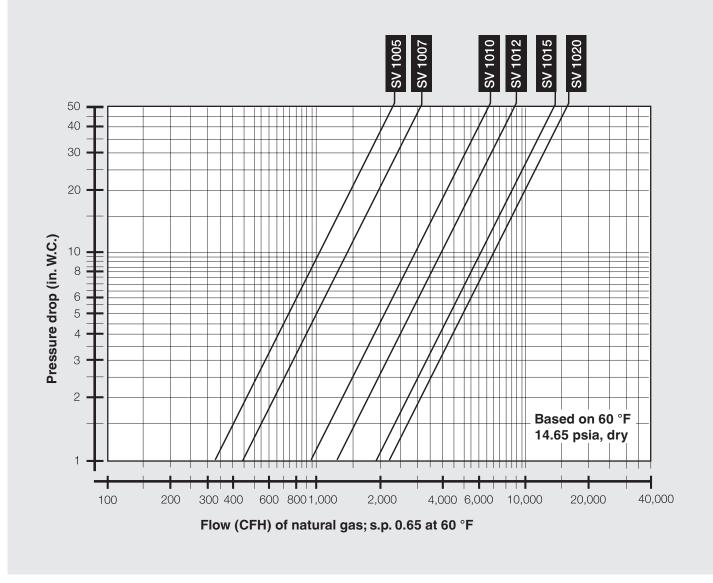
If leakage values are exceeded, replace value immediately.



Туре	Allowable Valve Seat Leakage*	# of Bubbles in 10 s				
	for up to 10 PSI inlet	Air	Natural Gas	LP		
SV-(DLE) 1005/1007	239 cc/hr	5	6	4		
SV-(DLE) 1010/1012	464 cc/hr	9	11	7		
SV-(DLE) 1015/1020	588 cc/hr	10	12	8		
			12			

\*Based on air and test conditions per UL 429 Section 29. (Air or inert gas at a pressure of 1/4 psig and also at a pressure of one and one-half times maximum operating pressure differential, but not less than 1/2 psig. This test shall be applied with the valve installed in its intended position.) Volume of bubble defined in Table 2 of FCI 70-2-1998.

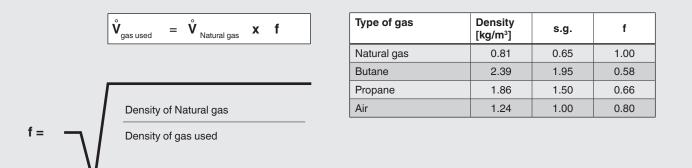




#### Pressure drop for other gases

To determine the pressure drop when using a gas other than natural gas, use the flow formula below and f value located in the table below to determine the "corrected" flow rate in CFH through the valve for the other gas used. For example, when using propane, divide the volume (CFH) of propane required for the application by the calculated value f (f = 0.66 for propane). Use this "corrected" flow rate and the flow curve on the next page to determine pressure drop for propane.

#### Determining equivalent flow through valves using another gas



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#### **Accessories & Replacement**

Valve Accessories								
*Flange kit	Size	Replacement Coil (120 VAC)	Part # NPT Flange Kit*	Part # Rp Flange Kit*	Coil Cover	Part # PCB Board		
SV 1005 / 1007	1/2	246502	242650	242220	254740	245147		
SV 1005 / 1007	3/4	246502	242651	242221	254740	245147		
SV 1010 / 1012	1/2	246503	242653	242223	254741	245153		
SV 1010 / 1012	3/4	246503	242654	242224	254741	245153		
SV 1010 / 1012	1	246503	242655	242225	254741	245153		
SV 1010 / 1012	1 1/4	246503	242656	242226	254741	245153		
SV 1010 / 1012	1 1/2	246503	245563	243817	254741	245153		
SV 1015 / 1020	1	246504	242657	242227	254741	245153		
SV 1015 / 1020	1 1/4	246504	242658	242228	254741	245153		
SV 1015 / 1020	1 1/2	246504	242659	242229	254741	245153		
SV 1015 / 1020	2	246504	242659	242230	254741	245153		

\*Mounting kit includes 1 flange, 4 bolts and 1 O-ring.

# Valve AccessoriesOrder No.Electrical Plug<br/>(DUNGS / DIN Connector)210319M20 - 1/2" NPT Adapter240671Valve Indicator2176651/4" NPT Adapter2250471/8" Test Nipple2190081/2" NPT Pilot Gas Adapter225043



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